A Help to a National Reformation.

An Abstract of the Penal-Laws against Prophaneness and Vice.

A Form of the Warrants issued out upon Offenders against the said Laws.

A Blank Register of Such Warrants.

Prudential Rules for the Giving of Informations to the Magistrates in these Cases.

And a Specimen of an Agreement for the Forming of a Society for Reformation of Manners in any City, Town, or larger Village of the Kingdom.

To which are added

His Majesty's Proclamations for Preventing and Punishing Immorality and Prophaneness; and the late Act of Parliament against Prophane Cursing and Swearing; which are to be Read Four times a Year by all Ministers in their respective Churches and Chappels throughout the Kingdom.

Printed for the Ease of Magistrates and Ministers, and the Direction and Encouragement of private Persons, who, in any part of the Kingdom, are ingaged in the Glorious Work of Reformation, or are Religiously disposed to contribute their Endeavours for the Promoting of it.

LONDON,

Printed, and are to be Sold by D. Brown, without Temple-Bar; B. Aylmer, at the Three Pigeons in Cornbill; T. Parkbu ft, at the Three Crowns in Cheapfide, near Mercers Chappel; J. Robinson, at the Golden-Lion in St. Paul's-Church Tard; W. Rogers, at the Sun in Flees-Street; J. Fox, in Westminster-Hall; and J. Downing, in Bartholomew-Close near West-Smithfield, 1700.

Latinovia V ECHORA ... Adams - Israelester Serbick h.A. ropha chep a The transfer and to make a common to the common transfer and transfer and the common transfer and the common transfer and A Blow O Super to general South of the control of the control नाजा जाता हो। नेत to the an intates in oils of of A no so managed to the an obstation in of a So in a competion File Si VEARE Gis Irms or Lover VII acco S. MINSCOLL . Janethaler I selvicity of a standard BEATT BUILDY Punishing Lower sity and Pergha S. J. DES TIS Aft of Parison or orginal F. 10 Cm 10 C and assign which are to be for by all Manifest in the core of shappels throngoing site is. o souther the sale the Man of the Sale to Loans t soul bus a lost of the hat buy private Portons, who, it any part Lorenza de la Compania del Compania de la Compania de la Compania del Compania de la Compania de ty of had a danger of or To you comment of the state of 0 C.V. 0 . ens dyett. 87 1 E. S. C. 1 200 and and there ? E. P. of the Party . . 1. 3pr. 3. Col. in a Golden Will office

To the READER.

S we have unquestionable Authority from ou Religion, our Laws, and our Government, fo the applying our selves to the Promoting of a National Reformation, by the Suppressing of Prophan ness and Debauchery; and have moreover the E couragement of an Approbation of the Method by which the Reformation of Manners hath been ca ried on for several Years past with great Succe in the Kingdoms of England and Ireland, by a con derable Number of the Lords Spiritual and Tempor and of the Honourable Judges of both Kingdoms; fo the is published in these Papers such Directions for all Pe fons to give their Affistance in this Pious and Nob Undertaking, that 'tis to be hoped that Men will n now eafily find any just Excuses, under these Enco ragements and Advantages, for their declining to aff in it one way or other, according to their Opportun ties and Abilities, who have either a Love to God, Charity to Man, any due Regard to their Duty, to the Welfare of their Country or Posterity.

To the READER

Sec leve unquefficable Authority from ou Teles our Laws, and our Government, fo the applying our felves to the Promoting of a M. dianal R Francis, by the Suppressing of Prophane nefs and a uchery; on have moreover the Er couragement of an Apprehation of the Method by which the hefognation of Magnery habit been cal ried on his feveral Very, with with priest Succe in the Book was of England and Ireland by a conderable "Verber in the Looks Spiritual or I Tempor and of the Look and of the Look Three of both Kunglans; forthe is published in these Pares Sirch Directions for all Pol fons to give their Athirs occur this Pious and Nob Undertaking, that dis to be hoped that Man will n now easity and any just Escuses, under these Enco ragements and Advanta or for their deel ning to aff in it one way or other, a containg to their Opportud ties end Mulities, who have citier a Love to God, Charity to Man, any due Regard to their Duty, to the Welfare of their Country or Policity.



By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION, For Preventing and Punishing Immorality and Prophaneness.

WILLIAM R.



Benüble of the great Goodness and Percy of Almighty God, in putting an End to a Long, Bloody and Expensive War, by the Conclusion of an bonourable Peaces to Wele are not less touched with a Refentment, that not with standing this and many other great Bless

fings and Deliverances, Impiety, Prophanenels and Immorality do kill abound in this Dur kingdom: And whereas nothing can prove a greater Dikhonour to a well-ordered Government, where the Christian Faith is Professed, nor is likelier to provoke God to withdraw his Percy and Blessings from Us, and instead thereof, to instit heavy and severe Judgments upon this kingdom, than the open and aboved Practice of Clice, Immorality and Prophanenels, which amongs many Gen has too much prevailed in this Dur kingdom of late Pears, to the high Displeasure of Almighty God,

the areat Scandal of Christianity, and the ill and fatal Example of the rest of Our Loving Subjects, who have been Soberly Educated, and whole Inclinations would lead them to the Exercise of Diety and Clirtue, did they not daily find tuch frequent and repeated Instances of Distolute Living, Prophaneness and Impiety, which has in a great Dealure been occasioned by the Menled of the Magistrates not putting in Execution those good Laws which have been made for Suppreffing and Punithing thereof, and by the ill Example of many in Authouty, to the great Dishonour of God, and Reproach of our Religion: Wherefore, and for that We cannot expect Increase of Continuance of the Biefings We and Dur Subjects Enjoy, without Providing Remedies to prevent the like evils for the future, the think Dur Selves bound, by the Duty Wie oine to God, and the Care We have of the People committed to Dur Charge, to proceed in taking effectual Courle, that Religion, Piety and Good Manners may, according to Dur hearty Defire, Flourish and Jucrease under Dur Administration and Governments and being thereuned moved by the Pious Address of the Commons in Parhament Affembled, Cite have thought fit, by the Avoice of Dur Pring Council, to Iffice this Dur Royal Proclamation, and do Declare Dur Royal House Resolution to Discountenance and Punisal manner filice, Immorality and Prophanciels in all Perfons from the highest to the lowest Degree within this Dur Realm, and particularly in fuch who are Imploved near Our Royal Person; and that, for the greater Incontagement of Religion and Movality, Wie will, upon all Occasions, Distinguish Wen of Piety and Clirine by Warks of Dur Royal Favour. And the bo expecthat all Persons of honour, or in Place of Authority, will to their utmost contribute to the Discountenanting Wen of Diffolute and Debauched Lives that they reing reduced to Shame and Contempt, may be enfored the woner to Reform their ill Davits and Practices,

Í

EL BIE EL BIE

al

be

M

ep

of.

ıs

of

D

11=

1=

h

it

e

2=

k

D

t

0

to

ces, that the Dilpleature of Good Men towards them map fupply what the Laws (it may be) cannot wholly Drevent. And for the more Effectual Reforming their Men, who are a Discredit to Dur Kingdom, Dur fürther Weature is, and the Do hereby fricily Charne and Command all Dur Judges, Mayors, Sheriffs. Justices of the Peace, and all other Dur Officers and Winisters, both Ecclesiastical and Civil, and other Dur Subjects, whom it may Concern, to be very Afmilant and Strict in the Discovery and the Effectual Drofecution and Punishment of all Persons who shall be Guilty of Ercellive Drinking, Blasphemy, 1919phane Swearing and Curling, Lewdnels, Prophanation of the Lord's Day, or other Dissolute, Immoral or Dilozderly Dractices, as they will answer it to Almighty God, and upon Pain of Dur birheft Difpleafure. And for the more Effectual Proceedings herein, The do hereby Direct and Command Dur Judges of Affizes and Juffices of Peace to give firid Charges, at the rehearive Affizes and Sellions, for the due Profecution and Punishment of all Persons that shall presume to Offend in any the Kinds aforelaid; and also of all 19erfond that, contrary to their Duty, thall be Remits or Megligent in Putting the laid Laws in Erecution; and that they do at their respective Assises and Quarter Sellions of the Peace caule this Dut Proclamation to be publickly Read in Open Court immediately before the Charge is given. And We do hereby further Charge and Command every Minister in his respetive Parish or Chapel, to Read or cause to be Read this Dur Proclamation, at least four times in every Pear, immediately after Divine Service, and to incite and thir up their respective Auditories to the Practice of Piety and Airtue, and the Avoiding of all Immorality and Prophanenels. And to the end that all dice and Debauchery may be Prevented, and Religion and Clirtue Practico by all Officers, Private Solviers. Pariners of others, who are Imployed in Dur Service, A 2

vice, either by Sea of Land, We do hereby Aricily Charge and Command all Dur Commanders and Df. ficers whatfoever, Chat they do take Care to Avoid all Prophanenels, Debauchery, and other Immoralities, and that by the Diety and Clirtue of their own Libes and Convertations they do let good Examples to all fuch as are under their Authority, and likewife to take Care and Inspea the Behaviour and Manners of all fuch as are under them, and to Punish all those who thall be Guilty of any the Offences afozefaid. whereas leveral Wlicked and Prophane Persons have presumed to Print and Publish several Pernicious Books and Pamphlets, which contain in them Impious Doctrines against the Doly Trinity, and other Fundamental Articles of Dur Faith, tending to the Subdersion of the Christian Religion, therefore for the Punishing the Authors and Publishers thereof. and for the Preventing fuch Impious Books and Pamphlets being Published or Printed for the future, fale do hereby ffrictly Charge and Prohibit all Perfons that they do not prefume to White, Print or Publish any such Pernicious Books or Pamphlets, under the Pain of Incurring Dur bigh Displeasure, and ot being Punished according to the utmost Severity of the Law. And We do hereby frictly Charge and Require all Our Loving Subjects to Discover and Apprehend such Person and Persons whom they shall know to be the Authors or Publishers of any such Books or Pamphlets, and to bring them before some Justice of Peace or Chief Magistrate, in order that they may be Proceeded against according to Law.

Given at Our Court at Kensington the Four and twentieth Day of February, 1697. In the Tenth Year of Our Reign.

GOD fave the KING.



By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION, For Preventing and Punishing Immorality and Prophane ness.

WILLIAM R.



ofno lion

es to of

ho

nd

us pi=

er

he for of,

nd re,

er:

ub: 1er

ot

of le:

Ip:

all

me

hat

cth

)ur

Dereas nothing can prove a greate Dishonour to a Alest Droterel Sovernment, where the Christian Faith is Professed, nor is likelie to provoke Sod to withdraw his Percy and Blestings from As and instead thereof to Institute op and Severe Judgments upor this Kingdom, than the open and

abowed Practice of Aice, Immorality and Prophane nels, which amongst many Wen has to much Prevailed in this Dur Kingdom of late Pears, to the hig Displeasure of Almighty God, the great Scandal of Christianity, and the ill and fatal Example of the resof Dur Loving Subjects, who have been Soberly Educated, and whose Inclinations would lead them to the Exercise of Piety and Airtue, did they not dail find such frequent and repeated Instances of Dissolut Living. Prophaneness and Impiety, which has in great Bealure been occasioned by the Reglect of the Wall

Dagistrates not putting in Execution those good Laws which have been made to Suppetting and Dunishing thereof, and by the ill example of many in Authority. to the great Dishonour of God and Reproach of Dur Religion: Wherefore and for that We cannot expect Increase or Continuance of the Bleslings We and Dur Subjects Enjoy, without Providing Remedies to Drevent the like evils for the future, alle think Dur Selves Bound by the Duty Meowe to God, and the Care we have of the People Committed to Dur Charge, to Proceed in taking Effectual Course that Religion, Prety and Good Manners, may, according to Our hearty Delice, Flouris, and Increase under Our Administration and Sovernment; and being thereunto moved by the Pious Address of the Commons in Parliament Assembled. The have thought lit, by the Advice of Dur Privy Council, to Mue this Dur Royal Proclamation, and do Declare Dur Royal Purpole and Resolution to Discountenance and Punith all manner of Alice. Immorality and Prophane. nels in all Persons, from the Dighest to the Lowest Degree within this Dur Realm, and particularly in uch who are Imployed near Dur Royal Person; and bat for the greater Incouragement of Religion and Bozality, The will, upon all Occasions, Diffinguith Den of Piety and Clirtue, by Warks of Our Royal And We do expea that all Perlons of Dolour, or in Place of Authority, will to their utmost Contribute to the Discountenancing Hen of Dissoute and Devauched Lives, that they being Redued to Shame and Contempt, may be enforced the oner to Reform their ill Pabits and Practices, but the Displeasure of Sood Wen towards them, hap Supply what the Laws (it may be) cannot holly Prevent. And for the more Effectual Reforms na these Wen, who are a Discredit to Dur Kingom, Dur further Pleature is, and tale do hereby ticily Charge and Command all Dur Judges, Marors,

上西町 30 m 40

ne Rto ple Rto

du thi an that La ctil

in bei

the diameter of the spirit

Se Uri and Abi

mo

Mayors, Sheriffs, Jullices of the Peace, and all o ther our Officers and Ministers, both Ecclesiastical and Civil, and other Dur Subjects, whom it may concern, to be very Cliatiant and Strict in the Discovery, and the Effectual Profecution and Punishment of all Persons who shall be Guilty of Ercessive Drinking. Blasphemy, Prophane Swearing and Curling, Lewis. nels, Prophanation of the Lords Day, or other Diffolute. Immoral or Disorderly Practices, as they will answer it to Almianty God, and upon Pain of Dur Vichelt Difpleasure. And for the more Effectual Proceedings herein. Tale do hereby Direct and Command Dur Judges of Affizes and Judices of Peace, to nive firid Charges at the respective Assizes and Sessions, for the due 1920fecution and 19unishment of all 19ersons that thall presume to Offend in any the kinds aforesaid, and also of all persons that, contrary to their Duty, thall be Remil's or Degligent in Putting the faid Laws in Execution, and that they do at their respenive Affizes and Quarter Sellions of the Peace. cause this Dur Proclamation to be publickly Read in open Court immediately before the Charge is af-And we do hereby further Charge and Comven. mand every Minister in his respective Parish or Chapet, to Read or cause to be Read this Dur Proclamation, at least Four times in every Pear, immediately after Divine Service, and to incite and fir up their respective Auditories to the Practice of Piety and Clirtue, and the Avoiding of all Immorality and Drophanenels. And to the end that all Aice and Debauchery may be prevented, and Religion and Airtue Practiced by all Officers, Private Soldiers, Wariners and others, who are Imployed in Dur Service, either by Sea of Land, We do hereby trialy Charge and Command all Dur Commanders and Officers whatfoever, That they do take Care to Avoid all Prophanenels, Debauchery and other Immoralities, and that by the Diety and Clirtue of their own

own Lives and Convertations they do let good Examples to all such as are under their Authority, and likewise take Care and Inspect the Behaviour and Manners of all such as are under them, and to Punish all those who shall be Sustry of any the Offences aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at Kensington the Ninth Day of December, 1699. In the Eleventh Year of Our Reign.

GOD fave the KING.

Anno

h

iı

Anno Sexto & Septimo

GULIELMI III. REGIS.

An Act for the more Effectual Suppressing Prophane Cursing and Swearing.



p, ur to n=

of ur

Hereas it is found by Experience, that an Act of Parliament made in the One and twentieth Year of the Reign of King James the First, Intituled, An Act to Prevent and Reform Prophane Swearing and Cursing, hath proved Inessectual to the Suppressing of those de-

testable Sins, by reason of some Desiciencies in the said Act: Be it therefore Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any person or persons shall (after the Four and twentieth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety sive) Prophanely Swear or Curse in the presence or hearing of any Justice of Peace of the County, Riding or Division, or of the Mayor, or other Head Officer or Justice of Peace for any Ci-

Anno Regni sexto & septimo

ty or Town Corporate, where such Offence is or shall be committed, or that shall be thereof Convicted by Oath of One Witness, or by the Confession of the Party Offending, before any Justice of Peace of the County, or Mayor, or Bayliff, or other Chief Officer, or Justice of the Peace of such City or Town Corporate, where the faid Offence shall be committed, That then, for every fuch Offence, the Party fo Offending, shall Forfeit and Pay to the Use of the Poor of the Parish, where such Offence or Offences shall be committed, the respective Sums herein after mentioned (that is to fay;) Every Servant, Day-Labourer, Common Soldier and Common Seaman, One Shilling, and every other person, Two Shillings; And in case any of the persons aforesaid, shall after Conviction Offend a Second time, fuch person shall Forfeit and Pay double; And if a Third time, treble the Sum respectively by him or her to be paid for the First Offence.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That upon Neglect or Refusal of Payment of the said Forseiture, any Justice of Peace, of the County, Riding or Division, or Mayor, or other Head Officer, or Justice of Peace of any City, or Town Corporate, where the said Offences shall be committed, shall and are hereby Authorized and Required to Direct and Send his Warrant to the Constable, Tythingman, Churchwarden or Overseer of the Poor of the Parish where the Offence shall be committed, or where the Offender shall Inhabit, thereby commanding them, or some one or more of them, to Levy by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Offender, the Sum so Forseited, for the Use of the Poor of the Parish,

as

2

h

O

1

h

th

ti

CI

P

to

ny

OI

ny

P

an fa

P

in

gi

fu.

th

Gulielmi III. Regis.

or

n-

n-

of

0-

ch

all

ce,

he

or

eit,

on

n,

a-

nd

m

g-

e,

ure

re

h-

sh

re

ng)i-

m h,

as

as aforesaid; And in case no such Distress can be had, then every such Offender, being above the Age of Sixteen Years, shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the said Justice of Peace or other Officer, as aforesaid, be publickly set in the Stocks for the space of One Hour for every single Offence, and for any Number of Offences, whereof he shall be Convicted at one and the same time, then Two Hours; And if the Party Offending be under the Age of Sixteen Years, and shall not forthwith Pay the said Forfeitures, then he or she shall, by Warrant, as aforesaid, be Whipped by the Constable, or by the Parent, Guardian or Master of such Offender in the presence of the Constable.

And be it further Enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate, shall wilfully and wittingly omit the Performance of his Duty in the Execution of this Act, he shall Forseit the sum of Five Pounds, the one Moiety to the Use of the Informer, to be Recovered by Action, Suit, Bill, or Plaint, in any of His Majesties Courts at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be Allow-

ed, nor any more than one Imparlance.

And it is hereby further Enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be Commenced or Brought against any Justice of Peace, Constable or other Officer, or Person whatsoever, for doing or causing to be done anything in pursuance of this Act, concerning the said Offences, the Defendant, in such Action, may Plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence; And if upon such Action Verdict be given for the Defendant, or the Plaintist become Non-suit, or Discontinue his Action, then the Defendant shall have Treble Costs.

Pro-

Anno Regni sexto & septimo, &c.

Provided always, and it is hereby Enacted, That no Person shall be Prosecuted or Troubled for any Offence against this Statute, unless the same be Proved or Prosecuted within Ten Days next after the Offence committed.

And it is further Enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That this Act shall be publickly Read Four several times in the Year in all Parish Churches, and all Publick Chapels, by the Parson, Vicar or Curate of the respective Parishes or Chapels, immediately after Morning Prayer, on Four several Sundays (that is to say) the Sunday next after the Four and twentieth Day of June, the Nine and twentieth Day of September, the Five and twentieth Day of December, and the Five and twentieth Day of March, under the Pain of Twenty Shillings for every such Omission or Neglect.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That the Justice of Peace, Mayor or other Head Officer shall Register in a Book, to be kept for that Purpose, all the Convictions made before him upon this Act, and the time of making thereof, and for what Offence, and shall Certifie the same to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County or Place where the Offences are committed, to be there kept upon Record by the respective Clerks of the Peace, to be seen without Fee or Reward.

An Abstract of the Penal-Laws AGAINST

Prophaneness and Immorality,

Commanded to be put in Speedy and Vigorous Execution, by His Majesty's Gracious and Pious Pros clamations, purfuant to the Humble Addresses of the Honourable House of Commons.

OFFENCES.

hat

iny ro-

the

re-

fe-

all

ter

t is

eth

771the

of

re-

ad

nat

on

for

xt

iid

ed,

ve

e-

In

ł.

Laws and Statutes.

PENALTIES

1920phanation of the Lord's Day.

LL Laws in force concerning the Observation the Lord's-Day. shall be put in Execution: This Day is by every one to be Sanctified and kept Holy; and all Persons must be careful herein to exercife themselves in the Duties of Piety and true Religion, Publickly and Privately; and every one on this Day (not having a reasonable Excuse) must diligently refort to fome Publick place, where the Service of God is exercised, or must be prefent at some other Place, (allowed of by Law) in the Practice of some Religious Duty, other of Prayer, Preaching, Reading, or Expounding of the Scriptures, or Conference upon the fame,

29 Car. 2. Cap. 7.

I W. & M. Cap. 18.

OT E. That His Majefty's Protefrant Subjects diffenting from the

Church of England, and qualified according to the late Statute of Indulgence, are exempted from the Penalties of the Statutes, 3 Jac. I Bizz 23. Eliz. 29. Eliz. and fome other Statutes. But this Indulgence extends not to fuch prophane Persons who no where attend on the Publick Worship of God Establishe, or allow'd by Law; nor to any that in Preaching of Writing deny the Trinity.

I Eliz. c. 2. 3 F48. C. 4.

Suc

OFFENCES.

Laws and Statutes.

PENALTIES.

Such as Repair not to LEliz.c. 2. Church, &c. on Sundays and Holidays.

One -Witness,

Absenting for a Month, If a Twelve-month or more.

If any come not to the Sacrament of the Lord's-Supper once a Year.

None thall fpeak or do any thing in Contempt of the most Holy Sacrament.

Whofoever shall difturb the Church or Congregation permitted, or mifute the Teacher,

Proof by Two Witnesses before a Justice of Peace.

Wholoever shall differ bany Preacher allow d in his open Sermon or Collation, or be procuring or abetting thereunto, or fhall Rescue, Cc. any Offender, Ec.

Acculation must be by Two Witnesses, or Confession.

Such as Meet or Affemble out of their own Parish upon the Lord's-Day, for any Sports or Pattimes whatfoever; or fuch as shall use any Unlawful Exercise or Pastime in their own Parith upon the Lord's-Day.

23 Eliz. cap. I. 3 fac. c. 4.

1 Ed. 6. c. I.

1 W.& M. cap. 18. I M. cap.3.

I Car. c. 1.

Twelve Pence for every Default, to be levied by Distress; and for want of Distress, to be committed to some Peison, until the same be paid. Vid. 14, 15. S.

ar

th

an

C

fh

Bo

da

of

Da

an

or

of

She

any

exc

Ho

&:

Wa

any

Tra

on

vel

any

cep

Pea

E

one

1

1

Twenty Pounds per Month, or forfeiture of Two parts in Three of their Estates.

Their Names and Sirnames to be Presented: Forty Shillings Reward to fuch as prefent them.

By Oath of Two Lawful Witnesses, by Three Justices, Quorum in to be Bound over and Profecuted in Sellions.

To find Sureties in 50 1. or committed till next Quarter-Settions, and on Conviction to Forfeit 20 1.

To be Committed by any Justice of the County to safe Custody, and within fix days the faid Committing Juffice, with one other Justice, (if the Offender upon Examination shall be found Guilty) shall Commit him to Gaol without Bail, &c. for Three Months, and farther to the next Quarter-Sessions, &c.

Three Shillings and Four Pence to the Poor, where, Ge. to be levied by Diffres and Sale, restoring the Overplus, GG. and for want of Diffres, to be fent to the Stocks for Three Hours; but they must be queffioned within a Month.

If

OFFENCES.

If any Carrier, Wagoner, Butcher, &c. with Horse, Wain, or Cart, or Drover with Cattle, shall Travel upon the Lord's Day by themselves, or

any other for them,

If any Butcher, or any other for him, shall Kill or Sell
any Victuals upon the Sunday,

Two Witnesses, View, or Confession,

TY

Di-

Di-

to

ne

h,

in

nes

il-

re-

ful

es,

rer

10

er-

on

ny

afe

ays

ce,

(if

12-

y)

aol

ree

the

our

Sc.

and

us,

els,

If any Shoe-Maker shall shew with intent to Sell any Boots, Shoes, So. on the Sunday,

If any Person of the Age of 14, shall on the Lord's-Day, or any part thereof, do any Worldly Labour, Business, or Work, &c. except Works of Necessity and Charity,

If any Person shall Cry, Shew forth, or put to Sale, any Wares, Fruit, Goods, &c. except Milk only, before the Hours of Nine in the Morning, & after four in the Afternoon,

No Drover, Horie-Courier, Wagoner, Butcher, Higler, or any of their Servants, shall Travel, or come to their Inns, on the Lord's Day.

No Person shall use to Travel upon the Lord's-Day with any Boat, Wherry, Sc. except allow'd by one Justice of Peace so to do,

By View, Confession, or one Witness,

and: Statutes.

1.5005

Diainics,

3 Car. c. 1.

Twenty Shillings for every Offence, to be levied by Differes and Sale, to the Use of the Poor.

PENALTIES.

3 Car. c.1.

He shall Forseit Six Shillings and Eight Pence, if queflioned within Six Months, to be Levied, &c. or may be Sued for in Sessions, &c.

1 740. 6.22.

He shall Forfeit the Value of every such pair, and also Three Shillings and Four. Pence for every Pair.

29 Car. 2. Cap. 7. He shall Forfeit Five Shillings for every Offence.

29 Car. 2. cap. 7.

He shall Forfeit the said Wares, Fruit, Goods, &c. to the Use of the Poor.

29 Car. 2.

The Forfeiture is Twenty Shillings for every Offence.

29 Car. 2. cap. 7.

The Forfeiture is Five Shillings for every Offence. The Conviction upon the Statute must be before any Justice of the County, &c. who shall give Warrant to the Constables, &c. to Seize the Goods shewed, &c. and to Levy the Forfeitures by Distress, &c.

2 This

for aft

If

This Act extends not to reffing of Meat in Cooks-hops, Inns, or Victualling-Houses, for such as otherwise cannot be provided; nor to Hackney Coaches that are Licensed.

Dunkennels.

A Crime, from which the Ancient Britains were free, therefore the Laws against it are new.

If any be Convicted for being Drunk, by One Witness, View, or Confession, and the Party confessing a good Witness against another Offending at the same time.

If any Ale House-Keeper be Convicted of Drunkenness, he is disabled for Three Years to keep any Ale-House.

This Conviction of Drunkennels must be within Six Months after the Offence committed.

Inn-Keepers, Ale-House-Keepers, or Victuallers, that fuffer any of the same Parish to continue Tipling in their Houses,

One Witness, View, or Confession, and the Party confession a good Witness against another Offending at the fame time. and for want of Diffres, to put the Offender in the Stocks for Two Hours: The Justices, &c. may reward the Informer out of the Forfeitures, not exceeding the Third part.

Every Person must be Impeached upon this Act within Ten Days after the Offence.

The Offender for the first to pay Five Shillings to the Church Wardens, where, &c., within one Week after Conviction, or else to be Levied by Warrant, &c. by Distress and Sale; and for want of Distress, to fit in the Stocks fix Hours.

For the second Offence, must be Bound in Ten Pounds, with Two Sureties to the good Behaviour; and for want of Sureties, to be sent to Gaol.

If the Constable levy not the Forseitures, he Forseits Ten Shillings to the Poor, us supra.

Ten Shillings to be Levied by Diffress, and Sale after fix days; and for want of Diffress, to be committed till Payment, and Defabled for 3 Years from keeping any Ale-House, &c.

If the Constable or Church-Warden do not Levy the Penalty, or shall not certifie the want of Dittress within Twenty Days, he Porfeits Forty Shillings, to be levied by Distress and Sale, ut Supra.

Co. 3 Instit. fol. 200,

4 fac. c. 5. 21 fac. c. 7.

7 fac. c.10. 21 fac.c. 7.

1 740. c. 9. 21 7ac. c.7.

If

If any Inn-Keeper, Ale-House-Keeper, Victualler, or Taverner, suffer any Person (wheresoever his Habitation be) to continue Tipling in his House,

Two Witnesses, or View.

Townsmen or others which shall remain Tipling in any Inn, Ale-House, or Victual-ling-House, One Witness, View, or Confession, ut supra.

Constables shall be charged on their Oaths to present Offences committed against

these Acts.

ut

ks

es,

er

ot

n-

in

rft.

he

c.

n-

ed

ess

of

ks

ce,

ds,

od

of

he

en

YA.

ed

6x

is,

nt,

m

h-

e-

he

en-

ty

Di-

If

C.

These Statutes do Prohibit all Quasting, and Drinking of Healths, such Houses being solely appointed for the Accommodation of Travellers, and for the Relief of the Poor.

Sweating & Curling.

If any Person shall Pro- 213ac.c.20

phanely Swear or Curse in the Hearing of a Justice of Peace, Mayor, &c. or be Convicted of such Swearing, by One Witness, or Consession of the Party,

Every Offence against this Act must be proved within Ten Days after the Offence

Committed.

Every Justice shall Register, &c. and certifie to the next

1 fac.cap.9. 21 fac.C.7. 1 Car.cap.4.

47ac.cap.5. 217ac.c.7.

1Car.cap.4. 21Fac.c.7. Dalt.cap.7.

3 Car. c. 4.

17Car. c. 4.

6, 7 Guliel.

Cap. 11.

Ten Shillings to be Levis by Diffres, and for want Satisfaction, in fix days to fold, reftoring the Overpla and for want of Diffres, to committed till Payment.

Three Shillings and For Pence, to be Levied by Detres, after one Weeks New lect of Payment; or to fit the Stocks four Hours.

The Constable for his Ne lect Forfeits Ten Shillings,

Supra.

Every such Taverner, which fhall suffer any Person wha soever to Tiple in his Hou contrary to the said Statuts shall be adjudged within the Statute, 1 Jac. Cap. 9.

He shall forfeit for every fi Offence, to the Ule of the Poor, 1 respective Sums following; eve Servant, Day-Labourer, common S dier, and common Seaman, C Shilling; every other Person, T Shillings: If any Perfon, after Co viction, shall oftend a Second tin fuch Person shall pay Double; an a Third time, Trebble the Sum spectively to be paid for the Offence. Every Jultice, Head-Office &c. may Command the Conflab &c. to Levy the same by Distre And for want of Diffres, the Offen being above the Age of SixteenYea shall be fet in the Stocks, for ev fingle Offence, one Hour; for Number, at one and the lame ti two Hours: If under Sixteen Ye old, and shall not pay the faid Twe pence, he thall be whipp'd by Copilable, by Warrant of the Just Quart

and Statutes. PENALTIES.

or by the Parent, Guardian, or Ma-

arter-Seffions of Peace all nvictions made n upon this Act, and the e of making thereof, and what Offence.

None shall in any Stagey, Shew, May-game, Intere, or Pageant, Jeftingly or ophanely speak or use the ly Name of God, Christ Jethe Holy Ghoft, or Trinity.

374c. C.21.

9 & 10.

Gulielm. 3.

Blasphemy.

If any Person, having been ucated in, or at any time ing made Profession of the riftian Religion, within Realm, shall, by Writing, nting, Teaching, or add Speaking, deny any one the Persons in the Holy nity to be God, or thall rt or maintain there are re Gods than One, or shall y the Christian Religion be true, or the Holy Scrires of the Old and New tament to be of Divine hority, and shall upon Inment or Information in of His Majesty's Courts at fininfter, or at the Affizes, thereof Lawfully Conted by the Oath of Two or re credible Witnesses. Note. This Statute punishes the Error, but the Impuce of the Offender.

fter, in the Presence of the Constable. Every Jultice, or chief Magistrare, wilfully omitting the Performing of his Duty, shall fortest Five Pounds, to be recovered by Action. The Act of the Sixth and Seventh of King WILLIAM to be Read four times in the Year, in all Churches and Chappels, under the pain of Twenty Shillings for Neglect thereof. General Iffue, &c. Treble Cofts, &c.

On pain of Ten Pounds, to be divided between the King and the Profecutor, to be re-

covered by Action &c.

For the first Offence, shall be adjudged incapable, and disabled in Law to all Intents and Purpoles, to have or injoy any Office or Imployment Ecclebaffical, Civil, or Military, or any Part in them, or any Profit or Advantage appertaining to them; and if at the Time of Conviction Possest, &c. fuch Office, Place, or Imployment, shall be void.

On the fecond Conviction, shall be disabled to Sue, Prosecute, Plead, or ufe any Action or Information in any Court of Law or Equity; or to be a Guardian, or an Executor, or Administrator, or capable of any Legacy, or Deed of Gift, or of any Office, Civil or Military, or Benefice Ecclefiastical; and shall suffer three Years Imprisonment, without Bail, from the Time of the Conviction.

The Information to a Justice of Peace, to be within four Days for Words, and the Profecution within three Months after.

To be discharged of the Penalties incurr'd by the first Conviction, on Renunciation, in the fame Court where Convicted, within four Months after the Conviction.

Leud

OFFENCES.

Leud and Disozverly Diadices.

Keeping of Baudy-Houses, Ge, is against the Law of God, on which our Common Law in this Case is grounded: Therefore the Keepers of Houses of Bandry and Incontinence.

Reforters and Frequenters

of Baudy-Houses,

The Ordinary may punish Incontinency in their Clergy by Imprisonment, at their discretion.

Adultery, Ge. and all Acts of Baudry, are Breaches of the

Peace.

If a Constable, Ge. has Notice that a Woman is in Adultery, &c. with a Man, or that a Man or Woman of evil Fame is gone to a suspected House,

One that hath leud Women found in his House, common Whore-Mafters, or Whores,

Strangers, or others, that are fuspicious, that walk by Night, especially if they haunt leud Houses, or keep ill Company, or commit Outrages,

Juffices must do their Duty,

Idlers that refuse to Work, and Diforderly Perfons, Wandring Rogues, Ge.

If the Conftable punish them not,

Laws and Statutes.

1 Vent. 53. Co.3. Inftit. Cap. 98. 1 Hen. 7.

I Hen. 7. Cap. 4.

fol. 6.

5 Co. I pt. 27 b.

Cook 3. Inft. Dal. f.224.

7 Fac.cap.4. 39Eliz. c.4. 43Eliz. c.2. 4 Hen. 7. Cap. 12.

39Eliz.c.4. 17ac.cap.7. PENALTIES

Are to be Punished, bein a Common Nutance, by I dictment at Common Lav by Fine and Imprisonment.

Such as that littlet Appreciand ogues, Go. beine at their

Two Wite flor of

To be Bound with Sureti to the good Behaviour.

For which an Indicamen will lie.

He may take Help with him and if he find them fo, he ma carry them to Prison, or to Juffice, to be Bound over an Profecuted.

To find fufficient Suretie for the Good Behaviour.

On pain of being put out d Commission, and other Punish ment according to demerits.

To be Committed to th House of Correction.

To be Whipp'd, and fent ! the Place of Birth; or if the not known, where laft dwel for one Year, or last passed.

He Forfeits Ten Shillings, t be Levied by a Warrant from Two Justices, Such Such

Labs OFFENCES. and PENALTIES. Statutes. 1 7ac. c. 7. Ten Shillings to be Levied. Such as shall not Apprehend logues, &c. being at their ut fupra. Two Witneffes, or oors. confession, Twenty Shillings to be Le-Every Conftable, &c. who 39Eliz. c.4. vied, ut fupra. oes not punish such as are rought to him. Such as diffurb the Punish-Five Pounds to be Levied by 1 7ac. C. 7. Diffress, and Bound to the nent of Rogues, &c. Good Behaviour by Two Juftices, Quorum un. Officers remis in Punishing Ten Shillings to be Levied by Diffress and Sale, ut fupra. f Rogues, Gc. Such asrun away, and leave To be Punished as Rogues, 80 heir Charge upon the Parish, To be fent to the House of Such as threaten to run away, 7 74c. C. 4. Correction, or give Security Two Witnefles, to discharge the Parish. If any Woman shall have a House of Correction for One Year, to be fent by Two Raftard Child which may be thargeable to the Parish, Juffices, and Bound not to Offend so again. Daming. Forty Shillings, and Im-Keepers of Play-Houses, & 33 Han. 8. prisonment until he become Cap. 9. Inlawful Games, Upon View, Bound by Recognizance to keep no more. Officers shall fearch every Forty Shillings. fonth. Imprisonment until he be Such as Play in fuch Houses, bound to play no more, and Upon View, to pay 6s. 8d. to be recovered in Quarter-Seffions. Such Persons described in Imprisonment, and bound the Act as out of Christmass,

shall play at Unlawful Games any where within the Year, 16 Car. 2. Fraud in Play or Betting. cap. 7. All Licenses to keep Houses

or Places of Unlawful Games, shall be void.

2,3P. & M. Cap. 9.

Forfeit the Treble Value: Treble Cofts.

to the King to play no more,

Twenty Shillings by Indica-

ment in Quarter-Seffions.

Blank

L

C

Se

D

of

to

T

yo

Si

S

A

pa

101

W

th

T

Ti

Blank Warrants in Cases of Prophane Swearing and Curfing, Drunkenness, and Prophanation of the Lords-Day.

dens, and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of St. Michael Cornhill, and to every of them.

d

.

æ

Ť

d

d

26

K

THereas A --- B --- Gent. living, &c. being above the Age of Sixteen Tears, standeth Convicted before Me of Prophane Swearing Five several times within your Parish, upon the Tenth Day of July instant, this being the Second time of his Conviction. These are therefore in His Majesty's Name, to Charge and Command you and every of you, presently, upon Sight hereof, to Demand of the faid A-B the Sum of Twenty Shillings, for the Use of the Poor of your said Parish, according to the Form of the Statute in that Case made and provided. And if he shall refuse or neglect to pay the said Sum, that then you prefently Levy the same by Distress and Sale of his Goods, rendring to him the Overplus. And in Defect of Such Distress, that he be fet publickly in the Stocks by the space of Two whole Hours, and this shall be your sufficient Warrant. Given under my Hand and Seal day of in the this Tenth Tear of the Reign of King William the Third. Anno Dom, 169 London 20,000

Wardens of St. A-B- and to every of them.

THereas A - B - of Crane-Court in King-Street, at the Sign of the Kings-Arms, Victualler, in your Parish, bath been Lawfully Convicted before Me, that he, the Twentieth Day of June instant, being the Lord's-Day, did permit divers (Persons or) Companies to Tiple in his House, contrary to the Statutes in that Case made and provided: These are therefore, in His Majesty's Name, to Authorize and Require you forthwith to Levy the Sum of Ten Shillings of the faid A-B- by Diftress and Sale of his Goods, (if they be not redeemed within Six days after fuch Distres) for the Use of the Poor of your Parish, rendring to him the Overplus: And in Default of Difires, or Inability of the Offender to pay the said Forfeitures, that you see that he be Committed to the Common Gaol, there to remain until Payment thereof be truly made. And of the due Execution hereof you are to give an Account when it shall be demanded of you. And bereof fail not at your Peril. Given anday of der my Hand and Seal this in the Tear of the Reign of King William. Anno Dom. 169

London J. To the Constables and Church-Wardens of the Parish of St. Allballows Barkin, and to every of them.

0

h

7,

0

72

d

n

E .-

re

1-

178

of

172

u.

4-

of

72

THereas A B in D --- Lane, negr E--Street, at the Sign of the Red-Lion, a Grocer, in your Parish, hath been Lawfully Convicted before me, that he, the Twentieth Day of June instant, being the Lord's-Day, did, in your Parish, by himself (or Servants) Exercise his Trade and ordinary Calling, without any lawful Cause, contrary to the Statutes in that Case made and provided. These are therefore, in His Majesty's Name, to Authorize and Require you forthwith to Levy the Sum of Five Shillings, of the faid A-- B-by Diftress and Sale of his Goods, for the Use of the Poor of your said Parish, rendring to him the Overplus: And in Default of Distress, or Inability of the Offender to pay the said Forfeitures, that you see that he be set publickly in the Stocks by the space of Two Hours. And of the due Execution hereof you are to give an Account when it Shall be demanded. And bereof fail not at your Peril. Given under my Hand and Seal this Twenty Seventh Day of July, in the Tenth Tear of the Reign of King William the Third, Anno Dom. 169

D 2 London

London II. To the Constables, Headboroughs, and Tithing-Men of the Parish of St. A— B— and to every of them.

Hereas J G- Efg; was this Day Lawfully Convicted before Me of the Offence of Drunkenness, by him Committed on the Day of in the said Parish, contrary to the Statute in that Case made and provided. These are therefore, in His Majesty's Name, to Charge and Command you, that you do Require the Said J-G- to pay for the said Offence, to the Church-Wardens of your Said Parish, the Sum of Five Shillings, within One Week now next en-Juing, for the Ofe of the Poor of the faid Parish. And if he shall refuse or neglect to Pay the same, that then you Levy the same by Distress and Sale of his Goods, rendring to him the Overplus: And in Defect of Such Distress, that he be fet publickly in the Stocks, there to remain by the space of Six Hours. And of the due Execution hereof you are to give an Account when it shall be demanded. Hereof fail not at your Peril. Given under my Hand and Seal this day of Tenth Year of the Reign of King William the Third over England, Ge. Anno Dom. 169

The Form of a Register of Warrants issued out in Cases of Prophaneness and Debanchery, containing

99		bio so s odi es l ossayas)	Votio	the Lord's-Day, by permitting Tipling, or Ex- ercifing his Trade	Cilco Cilco	nick on onsir no id ex cors	in action in the control of the cont		theinfter	hard been a moitante
			le up vi Lore s	Drunkennefs.	noters and or or D	ing vi it con or flag	rica-u vezy erkeen		nd We måers	that we los
June 28. S. Clement Paid 14 s. Goods feized or Stocks.	S. Clement	June 28:	First. Second. Third.	Swearing 2. Curfing 5.	l s. d.	Gent, S. Clamant, L. s. d.	Manour!	3nb 2	3. B. Conftable.	, in in in
how Execute	in the Pa-	Committed	Conviction	dated rish of cor Levying: for the Offence of Conviction Committed in the Pa- how Execute	for Levying	rish of	ant Againf	A Warra	or.	Delivered
Execution	e, for the	r otherwife of the Poc	Sessions, o	Wardens, and Overseers of the Poor, to an Account, at the Sessions, or otherwise, for the Execution of them, and the Application of the Money thereby levied to the Use of the Poor.	Money t	the Pool	rfeers of pplicati	nd Ove	rdens, ar	Wa of t
ame of th	the N	onviction,	of his C	the Offender's Name, Offence, Place of Abode, the Day of his Conviction, the Name of the Officer to whom the Warrants are delivered, uleful for the Calling of Constables. Church	ice of Al	fence, Pla	me, Of	er's Na	Offende	Office of

in de de finhe est de la contra del la contra de la contra de la contra del la contra del la contra de la contra de la contra del la contra

Recommended to those that give Informations against Prophaneness and Debauchery in and about the Cities of London and Westminster; and particularly to the Members of the several Religious Societies that have afted in the business of Reformation.

I. O give no Information where the Matter of Fact is any ways doubtful. II. Particularly as to Drunkenness to use Caution and Prudence in judging when a Man is Drunk. Tho' a Man that cannot stand upon his Legs, or that reels or staggers as he goes along the Streets, and is heard to faulter remarkably in his Speech, unless in Case of some known natural Infirmity or Defect, may ordinarily be presumed to be Drunk.

III. As to Prophane Swearing and Curfing, it may be advisable, that they remember the Words of the Oath, or Curse, that they may be

able to repeat them if it be required.

IV. As to Permitting of Tipling, which, in Strictness of Law, is punishable upon any Day, it has been thought advisable to take Notice only of what is done on the Lord's-Day.

V. As to the Prophanation of the Lord's-Day, by the Exercise of any Trade, or ordinary Calling, to Inform against such as they see Offending by the Weighing, Measuring, Bargaining for, or Delivery of Goods, or Receiving Receiving Money for them; as also against Bakers appearing in the Streets with their Baskets, or Barbers with their Pot, Bason, or Periwig-Box : Shoemakers, Taylors, Hatters, or other Tradesinen, carrying out their Work and Ware; and against all kind of Manual Labour, except in Cases of Necessity

and Mercy.

VI. As to the Exposing Goods to Sale on the Lord's-Day; if it be by those that live in Cellars, not to inform against them unless they are feen to fell their Goods, because fuch Persons have some Pretence for keeping. open their Cellar Doors, or Windows, for the Benefit of the Light, or Air: But if any Wares, Fruits, &c. be Exposed without or above fuch Doors or Windows, or in any Shops with the Windows open, or upon Stalls, whether belonging to the Persons that own fuch Goods, or not, and tho' there be nothing feen to be fold, these are sufficient Grounds of Information.

VII. Not to use any Artifice to provoke or draw in others to the Breach of the Laws. in the Instances afore-mentioned, or any of the like kind, that they may have an Occa-

fion to inform against them.

VIII. That in all their Applications to the Magistrates, they behave themselves to-Wards them with Deference and Respect.

A Specimen of an Agreement for the Forming of a Society for Reformation of Manners in any City, Town, or Village of the Kingdom, where there are but Three or Four, Pious Persons that are willing to unite in such a Society, by their Subscribing this or some other Agreement of this nature, which is earnestly recommended to those that are piously disposed to give their Assistance in the Work of Reformation.

WE whose Names are hereunto subscribed, out of a Sense of the Duty we owe to Almighty God, in pursuance of His Majesty's Proclamation for the Discouragement and Prosecution of Debauchery and Prophaneness, and for the Suppressing of them, do agree as followeth.

I. That we meet Weekly at —— under the Penalty of —— for each Default, without a just Cause, to consult how we may be most serviceable in Promoting the Execution of the Laws against Prophaneness and Debauchery.

II. That we use all proper means to prevail with Men of all Ranks to concur with us in this Design, especially such as are under the Obligation of Oaths to do so; and in order to their acting vigorously therein, That we endeavour to persuade them to form themselves into Societies, at least to have frequent Meetings for this purpose.

III. That

in the Discharge of their Duty of Discovering Disorderly Houses, of taking up of Offenders, and carrying them before the Magistrates, and moreover endeavour to affist both Magistrates and Officers, by giving Informations our selves, as we have Opportunity.

IV. That, for Order take, every Member in his turn be Chairman, (unless any defire to be excused) for Four successive days of Meeting: That as soon as four Members are met the Chairman, or in his absence the next in order upon the List, (that shall be made for that purpose) shall take his Place; and that from that time, to the breaking up of the Meeting, we forbear all Discourse of publick News, or our private Affairs; as also all unnecessary Disputes upon speculative and controversial points of Religion.

V. That when any thing is proposed and seconded, the Chairman shall put it to the Question, which shall be determined by the Majority, and such Determination, till alter'd by a Majority at another Meeting, shall generally conclude every Member of this Society, unless contrary to the Word of God, the Law of the Land, or any one's Conscience.

VI. That if upon any Matter is Debute the Voices are equal, the Question shall be again proposed by the Chairman at the same Meeting, if more of the Members come in, or otherwise at the next, or some other Meeting.

VII. That it be part of the Office of the Chairman, to take Notice of the Breach of any of our Orders, to enquire of every Member how he hath discharged the Business that was alorted him at the last Meeting, and what Difficulties, he hath met with, in order to find out proper Remedies : To read over the Agreement of this Society once a Month: To read over the minutes of what hath been resolved upon at the end of every Meeting, and the Lift of the Members, and to go or fend to fuch as have been absent twice successively, without a just Excuse known to some Member of the Society; and the next time any fuch Persons shall be present, the Chairman for the time being shall put them in mind of the great Importance of the Business they are engaged in, and of the Obligations they have laid themselves under, by their Subscriptions to attend the Meetings of this Society.

VIII. That we endeavour to find out proper Persons to be brought into this Society; and that no Person shall be proposed for a Member but when four or more of the Society

into this Society till they have been proposed at three several Meetings, and are thought to be Men of Piety and Temper; and that after any Penson hath been proposed a second time for a Member, two Persons shall be appointed by the major part of the Society to make enquiry concerning his Life and Conversation.

IX. That in Cases of Difficulty that shall occur we consult the Learned in the Law, or other proper Persons, that we by no means go further than the Law will warrant us.

X. That we keep an exact Account of our Proceedings in a Book kept for that purpose.

of the Society be kept secret; and therefore no Person shall be admitted to be present at any Debate in any Meeting that is not a Member, unless upon special Occasion, and by Agreement of the Majority present.

WIL That we look upon our felves as under a peculiar Obligation to pray for the Reformation of the Nation in general, and to implore the Divine Direction and Blefling upon this our Undertaking in particular.

E 2

Vid.

Vid. The Arch Bishop of Canterbury's Les Calcular Letter, with the Concurring Letters of all the Bishops of that Province, for Persons frequently meeting and uniting in the Work of Reformation, and of their Obligation to give Informations to Magistrates of the Breaches of the Laws against Prophaneness and Immorality, pag. 4, 6. The armit

AD VERTISEMEN Temot

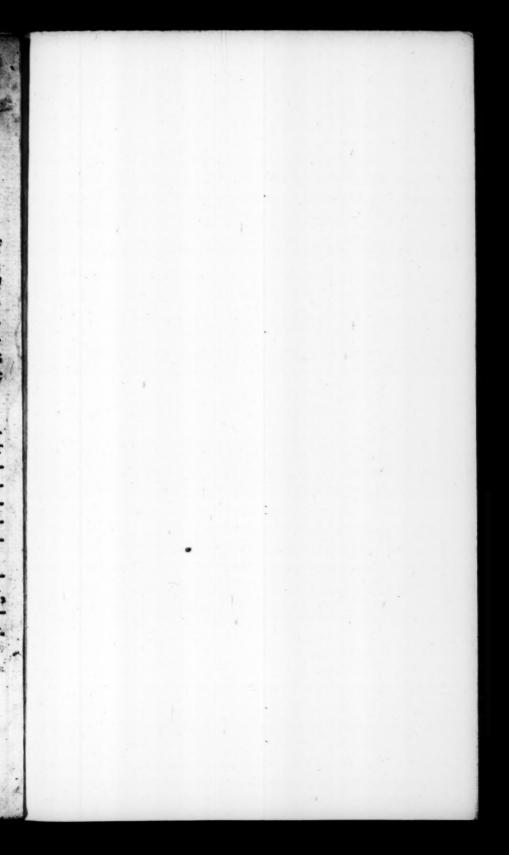
A Account of the Societies for Reformation of Manners in England and Ireland. With a Persuaffive to Persons of all Ranks to be zealous and diligent in the Execution of the Laws against Prophaneness and Debauchery, for the Effecting a National Reformation. Published with the Approphation of a considerable Number of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Honourable Judges of both Kingdoms.

A Help to a National Reformation, &c.

Abstracts of the Penal-Laws against Prophaneness and Vice, His Majesty's Proclamations for Preventing and Punishing Immorality and Prophaneness, the late Act of Parliament against prophane Cursing and Swearing, Blank Warrants, Registers, Specimens of an Agreement for the Forming of Societies for Reformation of Manners, Prudential Rules for the giving of Informations, & c.

Sold by D. Brown, without Temple-Bar; B. Aylmer, at the Three Pigeons in Cornhill; T. Parkhurst, at the Three Crowns in Cheapside, near Mercers-Chappel; J. Robinson, at the Golden-Lion in St. Paul's-Church-Yard; W. Rogers, at the Sun in Fleet-Street; J. Fox, in Westminster-Hall; and J. Downing in Bartholomew-Close, 1700.





A Help to a National Reformation.

An Abstract of the Penal-Laws

Prophaneness & Vice.

A Form of the Warrants issued out upon Offenders against the said Laws.

A Blank Register of Such Warrants.

Prudential Rules for the Giving of Informations to the Magistrates in these Cales.

And a Specimen of an Agreement for the Forming of a Society for Reformation of Manners in any City, Town, or larger Village of the Kingdom.

To which are added

His Majesty's Proclamations for Preventing and Punishing Immorality and Prophaneness; and the late Act of Parliament against Prophane Cursing and Swearing; which are to be Read Four times a Year by all Ministers in their respective Churches and Chappels throughout the Kingdom.

Printed for the Ease of Magistrates and Ministers, and the Direction and Encouragement of private Persons, who, in any part of the Kingdom, are ingaged in the Glorious Work of Reformation, or are Religiously disposed to contribute their Endeavours for the Promoting of it.

LONDON,

Printed and are to be Sold by J. Downing, in Barebolomew Close near Wost Smithfield; B. Aylmer, at the Three Pigeons in Cornbill; W. Rogers, at the San in Fleet Street; D. Brown, without Bar; and J. Fox, in Westminster Hall, 1700.